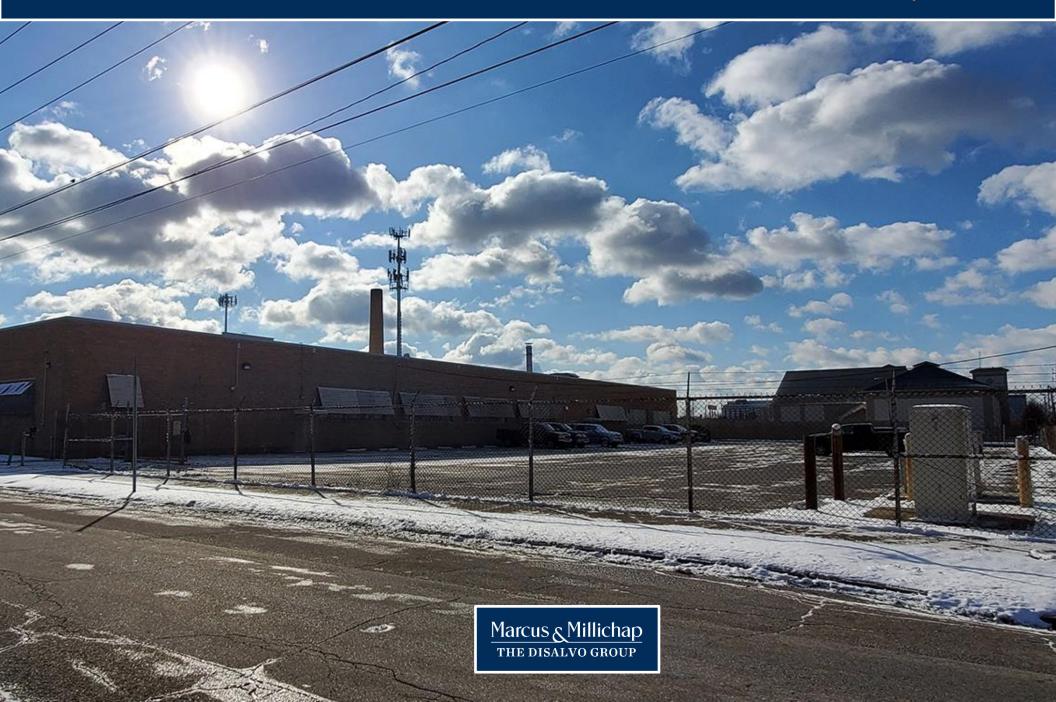
OFFERING MEMORANDUM

(

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

SQ. FT.: 38,729 SF | +/- 2.25 ACRES



CONFIDENTIATLITY & DISCLAIMER

The information contained in the following Marketing Brochure is proprietary and strictly confidential. It is intended to be reviewed only by the party receiving it from Marcus & Millichap and should not be made available to any other person or entity without the written consent of Marcus & Millichap. This Marketing Brochure has been prepared to provide summary, unverified information to prospective purchasers, and to establish only a preliminary level of interest in the subject property. The information contained herein is not a substitute for a thorough due diligence investigation. Marcus & Millichap has not made any investigation, and makes no warranty or representation, with respect to the income or expenses for the subject property, the future projected financial performance of the property, the size and square footage of the property and improvements, the presence or absence of contaminating substances, PCB's or asbestos, the compliance with State and Federal regulations, the physical condition of the improvements thereon, or the financial condition or business prospects of any tenant, or any tenant's plans or intentions to continue its occupancy of the subject property. The information contained in this Marketing Brochure has been obtained from sources we believe to be reliable; however, Marcus & Millichap has not verified, and will not verify, any of the information contained herein, nor has Marcus & Millichap conducted any investigation regarding these matters and makes no warranty or representation whatsoever regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information provided. All potential buyers must take appropriate measures to verify all of the information set forth herein. Marcus & Millichap is a service mark of Marcus & Millichap Real Estate Investment Services, Inc.

©2017 Marcus & Millichap. All rights reserved.

NON - ENDORSEMENT NOTICE

Marcus & Millichap is not affiliated with, sponsored by, or endorsed by any commercial tenant or lessee identified in this marketing package. The presence of any corporation's logo or name is not intended to indicate or imply affiliation with, or sponsorship or endorsement by, said corporation of Marcus & Millichap, its affiliates or subsidiaries, or any agent, product, service, or commercial listing of Marcus & Millichap, and is solely included for the purpose of providing tenant lessee information about this listing to prospective customers.

ALL PROPERTY SHOWINGS ARE BY APPOINTMENT ONLY.

PLEASE CONSULT YOUR MARCUS & MILLICHAP AGENT FOR MORE DETAILS.

Marcus & Millichap
THE DISALVO GROUP

Joseph DiSalvo

Senior Vice President Investments

Senior Director - National Office and Industrial Properties Group, National Healthcare Group Indianapolis Office

Office: (317) 218-5334 Cell: (317) 410-8788 License: IN: RB14051407

Joseph.DiSalvo@MarcusMillichap.com

Marcus & Millichap THE DISALVO GROUP

Forest Bender

PRESENTED BY

Senior Associate

Associate Director - National Office and Industrial Properties Group Indianapolis Office Office: (317) 218-5346

Cell: (765) 748-6570

License: IN: RB14049223 / IN: AB21405968 Forest.Bender@MarcusMillichap.com

Alexander Nulf

Senior Associate

National Office and Industrial Properties Group
Indianapolis Office

Office: (317) 218-5331 Cell: (574) 377-0630 License: IN: RB14052113

Alexander.Nulf@MarcusMillichap.com



TABLE OF CONTENTS

01

PROPERTY ANALYSIS

PAGE #**05**PROPERTY OVERVIEW
REGIONAL MAP
LOCAL MAP
AERIAL MAP

02

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

PAGE #**15**OPERATING STATEMENT
TENANT SUMMARY

03

MARKET OVERVIEW

PAGE #19
MARKET ANALYSIS
DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

Marcus & Millichap
THE DISALVO GROUP



OFFERING HIGHLIGHTS

OFFERING PRICE



\$1,850,000

7.62% CAP RATE

\$47.77
PRICE / SF
\$140,967
NET OPERATING INCOME

38,729 SF
RENTABLE BUILDING AREA
100%
OCCUPANCY

This information has been secured from sources we believe to be reliable, but we make no representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information. References to square footage or age are approximate. Buyer must verify the information and bears all risk for any inaccuracies. Any projections, opinions, assumptions or estimates used herein are for example purposes only and do not represent the current or future performance of the property. Marcus & Millichap Real Estate Investment Services is a service mark of Marcus & Millichap Real Estate Investment Services, Inc. ©2017 Marcus & Millichap ACTID ZAA0260659







(1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

TOTAL BUILDINGS

TOTAL BUILDINGS

NUMBER OF STORIES

TOTAL UNITS

IN-PLACE OCCUPANCY

38,729 SF

01

N1

01

100%

Marcus & Millichap is pleased to present to the market 1277 West 18th Street in Indianapolis, Indiana – a 38,729 square foot single-tenant industrial building formerly owned and currently leased to AT&T as a garage and maintenance center for their technicians and vehicles. The Property is situated just north of the major Indianapolis redevelopment initiative called 16Tech, an urban innovation district being developed in the historic Riverside neighborhood and within the Indiana Avenue Cultural District on the northwestern edge of downtown Indianapolis.

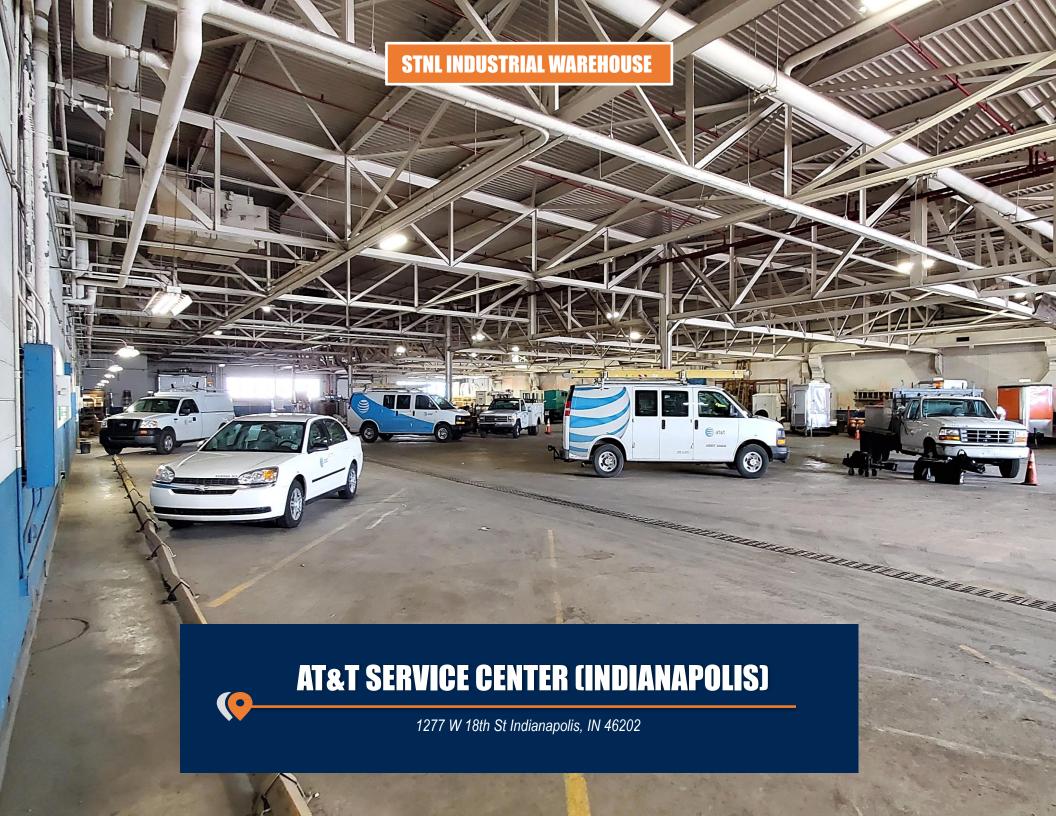
The Subject Property was owned and occupied by AT&T as a garage and maintenance depot for their technicians and service vehicles servicing part of the west side of Indianapolis. In 2019 AT&T sold the asset to a local developer as part of a larger portfolio of locations that AT&T has elected to vacate over the next few years and signed short-term sale/leasebacks in the process of the dispositions. With that, the Subject Property is currently leased to AT&T until April 2021 with a few short-term renewal options, at which point the Tenant is expected to vacate.

The opportunity with 1277 West 18th Street is for an Investor or Owner/User to acquire the Property and collect passive, triple-net cash flow for the first year or so while either preparing to occupy the space or while they work to reposition to a longer-term Tenant. With strong in-place cash flow from a credit tenant and a location that is the heart of major growth and redevelopment in Indianapolis, 1277 West 18th Street is primed to be an excellent, rare opportunity for the savvy Investor.



INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

- 38,729 Square Foot, Value-Add Single-Tenant Industrial Asset
- Leased on Short-Term Basis to AT&T on NNN Lease
- Property was Previously Owned and is Currently Still Occupied by AT&T
- Property is Situated Directly North of 16Tech, a Major Large-Scale Redevelopment Project in Indianapolis



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202



STNL INDUSTRIAL WAREHOUSE

PARKING SURFACE	Asphalt
PARKING	50 Surface Spaces available Ratio of 3.33/1,000 SF
APN	49-06-34-118-009.000-101
ZONING	Class B Industrial
HIGHWAY ACCESS	I-65 I-70 26 minutes to Indianapolis International Airport
TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Fee Simple

SQ. FT.: 38,729 SF | +/- 2.25 ACRES

TOPOGRAPHY	Flat
FOUNDATION	Concrete Slab
FRAMING	Masonry
EXTERIOR	Masonry
ROOF	Flat
HVAC	Roof Mounted
DRIVE INS	Two (2)
FIRE PROTECTION	Sprinkler System

Marcus & Millichap
THE DISALVO GROUP

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

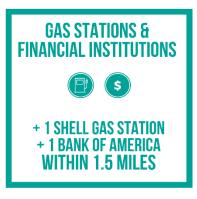




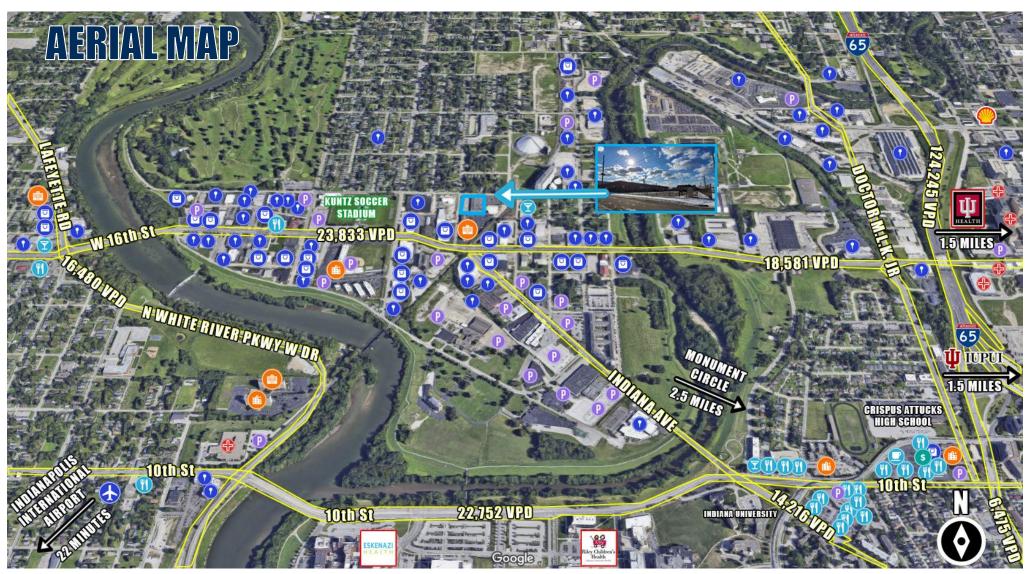
WITHIN 1.5 MILES







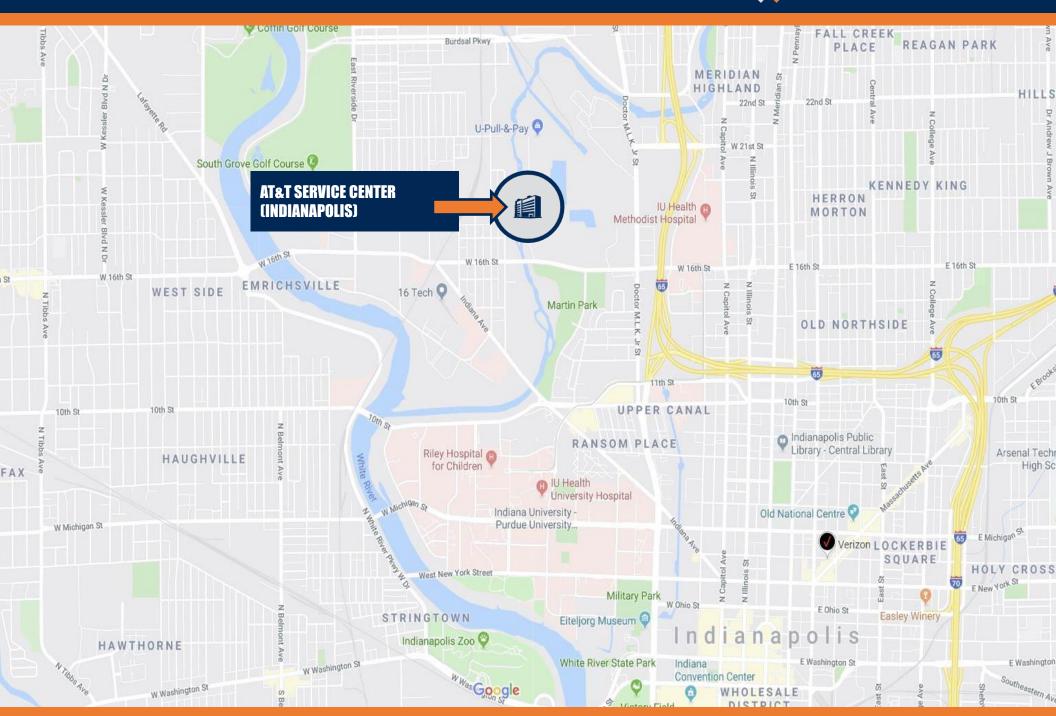




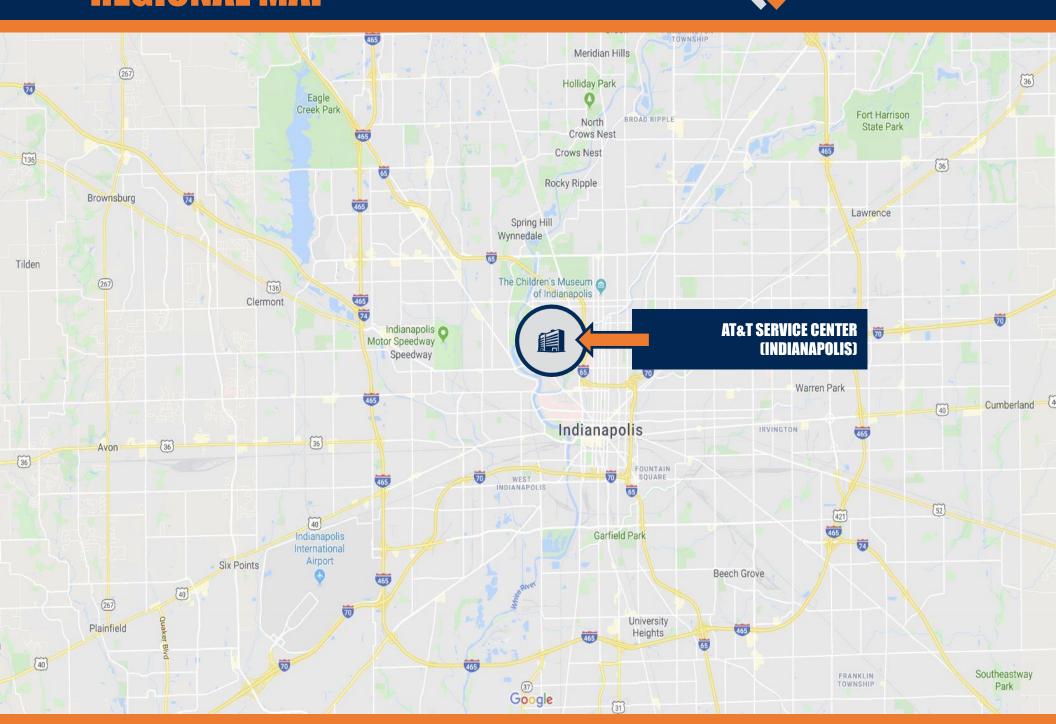
1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

LOCAL MAP





REGIONAL MAP







OPERATING STATEMENT

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

	SUMMARY
Price:	\$ 1,850,000
Down Payment (1st): 25.00%	\$ 462,500
Current CAP:	7.62%
Pro Forma CAP:	9.04%
Approx. Gross Square Feet:	38,729
Cost per Gross Square Foot:	\$ 47.77
Zoning:	Commercial
Parking Spaces:	50 Spaces
Site Area (Acres):	2.25 Acres
Year Built:	1958

PROPOSED FINANCING (L)
----------------------	----

First Loan Amount: 75.00% \$ 1,387,500

Terms: 4.50% interest

25 yr. amortization

5 yr. term

Monthly Payment: \$ 7,712.18

UNDERWRITING ASSUMPTIONS

- (1) Proposed Financing is based upon current market rates
- (2) Tenant responsible for all operating expenses of the property.
- (3) RE taxes calculated directly from Marion County's Assessor.

CURRENT & PRO FORMA OPERATING DATA							
For the 12 Months Starting:		June 2020			June 2025		
Gross Potential Rent:	\$	140,967		\$	167,175		
CAM Recapture:	\$	50,000		\$	54,122		
Tax Recapture:	\$	17,977		\$	19,459		
Insurance Recapture:	\$	7,746		\$	8,384		
Mgmt. Recapture:	\$	8,668		\$	9,966		
Base Stop Recapture:	\$	-		\$	-		
Other Income	\$	-		\$	-		
Scheduled Gross Income:	\$	225,358		\$	259,106		
Vacancy	\$	-		\$	-		
Effective Gross Income:	\$	225,358		\$	259,106		
Less Expenses:	\$	84,391		\$	91,931		
Net Operating Income:	\$	140,967	7.62%	\$	167,175	9.04%	
Capital Reserves:	\$	9,682	\$0.25/SF	\$	9,682	\$0.25/5	
Loan Payments:	\$	92,546		\$	92,546		
Pre Tax Cash Flow:	\$	38,739	8.38%	\$	64,947	14.04%	
Plus Principal Reduction:	\$	30,737		\$	36,787		
Total Return Before Taxes:	\$	69,476	15.02%	\$	101,734	22.00%	

PROJECTED EXPENSES (2)							
UTILITIES							
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-	\$				
COMMON AREA MAINTEN	ANC	Œ					
Est. CAM	\$ 5	50,000					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-					
	\$	-	\$	50,000			
Total CAM / Utilities	\$	1.29	\$	50,000			
Real Estate Taxes (3)	\$	0.46	\$	17,977			
Est. Insurance	\$	0.20	\$	7,746			
Management Fees	Δ	1.0%	\$	8,668			
Total Expenses:			\$	84,391			
Per Rentable Square Foot:			\$	2.18			
				1			

TENANT SUMMARY

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

TENANT	LEASE I	NFORM	ATION
Tone	- No -		

Suite Net Rentable Area Tenant's Pro-Rata Share of Property

Lease Commencement Date Rent Commencement Date Lease Expiration Date Lease Term

Options to Renew
Options to Terminate

Options to Purchase

38,729 SF 100.00%

> Nov-2019 Nov-2019 Apr-2021 18 Months

Two (6) Month Options
Notice: 30 Days Sec. 1

Notice: Sec.

Security Deposit: Waived

TENANT BASE RENT SCHEDULE

	Month	Base Rent	Base Rent	Base Rent	Base Rent
Date	of Lease	Per Month	SF/Month	Per Year	SF/Year
Nov-2019	1	\$11,485.00	\$0.30 SF	\$137,820.00	\$3.56 SF
Nov-2020	13	\$11,772.13	\$0.30 SF	\$141,265.50	\$3.65 SF
				·	·

TENANT EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

Tenant Lease Type (NET, BASE or GROSS) *

NET \$0.00 SF/YR

	Reimbursed	Reimbursed	Reimbursed	
	by Tenant	Minimum	Maximum	Admin Fee
CAM	YES			0%
Real Estate Taxes	YES			0%
Insurance	YES			0%
Management Fee	YES			

^{* &}lt;u>NET</u> = Pro-rata reimbursement of respective expense line item; <u>BASE</u> = "Base Stop" amount of operating expenses above which the tenant will pay its pro-rata share; <u>GROSS</u> = No expense

MARKET LEASING ASSUMPTIONS

Market Rent (SF/YR) \$4.00 SF/YR
General Inflation Rate 2.50% YR
Renewal Probability 100%
Downtime 6 Months
Rent Escalation 2.50% YR
Lease Term 5.0 Years

	New	Kenewai
Tenant Improvements	\$25.00 SF	\$10.00 SF
Leasing Commissions	6.00%	3.00%

COMMENTS:

Subleased by Indiana Bell Telephone Company. 2.5% annual rent bumps (including option periods). Tenant's responsibilities include the roof, foundation, exterior walls, other structural elements, equipment within the premises. NNN lease exerpt (section 1). Landlord to pay any increase in taxes caused by change in ownership (section 11).

Estoppels: Section:

INDIVIDUAL TENANT CASH FLOWS

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
For the Years Ending:	May-2021	May-2022	May-2023	May-2024	May-2025	May-2026	May-2027	May-2028	May-2029	May-2030	May-2031
Market Base Rent Potential *	\$154,916	\$158,789	\$162,759	\$166,828	\$170,998	\$175,273	\$179,655	\$184,146	\$188,750	\$193,469	\$198,306
Base Rental Revenue Potential	\$140,967	\$155,239	\$159,120	\$163,098	\$167,175	\$171,355	\$175,638	\$180,029	\$184,530	\$189,143	\$193,872
Percentage Above (Below) Market	(9.0%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)
Absorption & Turnover Vacancy	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tenant Expense Reimbursement											
Base Stop Reimbursement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Lease Reimbursement											
CAM	\$50,000	\$51,000	\$52,020	\$53,060	\$54,122	\$55,204	\$56,308	\$57,434	\$58,583	\$59,755	\$60,950
Real Estate Taxes	\$17,977	\$18,337	\$18,703	\$19,077	\$19,459	\$19,848	\$20,245	\$20,650	\$21,063	\$21,484	\$21,914
Insurance	\$7,746	\$7,901	\$8,059	\$8,220	\$8,384	\$8,552	\$8,723	\$8,897	\$9,075	\$9,257	\$9,442
Management Fee	\$8,668	\$9,299	\$9,516	\$9,738	\$9,966	\$10,198	\$10,437	\$10,680	\$10,930	\$11,186	\$11,447
Total Expense Reimbursement	\$84,391	\$86,536	\$88,298	\$90,096	\$91,931	\$93,802	\$95,713	\$97,662	\$99,651	\$101,682	\$103,753
Total Tenant Occupancy Cost	\$5.82 SF	\$6.24 SF	\$6.39 SF	\$6.54 SF	\$6.69 SF	\$6.85 SF	\$7.01 SF	\$7.17 SF	\$7.34 SF	\$7.51 SF	\$7.68 SF
Tenant Improvements	(\$387,290)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$438,183)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$495,764)
Leasing Commissions	(\$23,237)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$26,291)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$29,746)
Tenant Net Cash Flow	(\$185,169)	\$241,775	\$247,418	\$253,193	\$259,106	(\$199,317)	\$271,352	\$277,691	\$284,181	\$290,825	(\$227,885)







MARKET OVERVIEW

INDIANAPOLIS OVERVIEW

The Indianapolis metro is situated in central Indiana and consist of 11 counties: Marion, Johnson, Hamilton, Boone, Hendricks, Morgan, Hancock, Shelby, Brown, Putnam and Madison. The metro lacks formidable development barriers except, for the several rivers and creeks that traverse the region. Marion County is home to Indianapolis, the capital city, which contains a population of 861,000 people. Carmel in Hamilton County is the second most populous with nearly 92,000 residents. A large portion of the surrounding counties are rural, offering builders ample land for residential and commercial development. Population growth is primarily concentrated to the northern suburbs and west of the city.

METRO HIGHLIGHTS



PREMIER DISTRIBUTION HUB

Around 50% of the U.S. population lies within a one-day drive of Indianapolis, making it a center for the transportation of goods.



MAJOR HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER

Eli Lilly & Co., Roche Diagnostics Corp. and Covance Inc. maintain operations in the region, among other major health-related employers.



LOW COST OF DOING BUSINESS

Indianapolis' costs are far below national averages, attracting businesses and residents to the area.



ECONOMY

SHARE OF 2016 TOTAL EMPLOYMENT



9%

22%

TRADE.

TANSPORTATION

MANUFACTURING



16%

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS SERVICES



5%

CONSTRUCTION



15%

13%

EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES



10%

LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY



1%

INFORMATION



6%

FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES



4%

OTHER SERVICES



- Indianapolis underwent an economic renaissance during the past two decades, diversifying from a manufacturing-based economy into a variety of other employment sections
- The metro is one of the key health-sciences centers in the Nation, anchored by several pharmaceutical and life-sciences companies.
- The metro is accessible to a large portion of the nation in one day by ground or air, making the region a burgeoning logistics and distribution hub.
- Annual GMP tops the national level, a trend that is set to persist over the next five years.

MAJOR AREA EMPLOYERS

- o Eli Lilly & Co.
- Indiana University Health
- o Rolls-Royce Corp.
- Community Health
- Kroger
- o IUPUI
- FedEx
- Roche Diagnostics
- Finish Line



INDIANAPOLIS



DEMOGRAPHICS

2018 POPULATION BY AGE

7% 0-4 YEARS **21%**5-19
YEARS

6% 20-24 YEARS

28% 25-44 YEARS **26**% 45-64 YEARS

13% 65+ YEARS









- The metro is expected to add nearly 79,400 people and approximately 37,800 households through 2022.
- Household incomes near the national median have afforded 66 percent of households to own their homes.
- Roughly 29 percent of residents age 25 and older have earned a bachelor's degree; of these residents, 9 percent also hold a graduate or professional degree.







































QUALITY OF LIFE

Indianapolis offers residents many big-city amenities in an affordable, small-town atmosphere. The city is home to several high-profile auto races, including the Indianapolis 500 and Brickyard 400. Races are hosted at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway and the Lucas Oil Raceway at Indianapolis. The metro has two major league sports teams: the Indianapolis Colts (NFL) and the Indiana Pacers (NBA). The area also has a vibrant cultural and arts scene, with more than 200 art galleries and dealers, the Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra and a variety museums, including the Eiteljorg Museum of American Indians and Western Art. Additionally, the Children's Museum of Indianapolis is one of the largest children's museums in the world.

^{*} Forecast

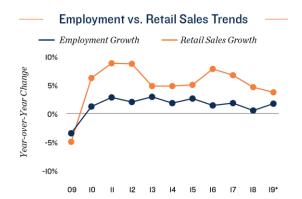
(

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Investors Target Spacious Facilities near Airport as Air Freight Volume Increases

Plainfield warehouses continue to draw interest amid FedEx expansion plan. Indianapolis' central location and access to multiple interstate highways has established the metro as a logistical warehousing hub. More recently, air freight operations at the airport have increased, in large part due to FedEx's \$1.5 billion expansion plan, announced in 2018. As FedEx activity at the airport amplifies, companies who rely on FedEx services are actively seeking out properties nearby. Leasing activity for warehouses in this locale spiked over the past year, specifically in large-scale facilities. Since July 2018, more than a dozen leases have been signed or renewed in Plainfield alone, with an average square footage of 134,000. Of these, the largest move-ins have been from transportation services companies Expeditors and Alan Ritchey Inc., which are moving into properties greater than 250,000 square feet. As the expansion plan takes shape and volume coming through the airport increases over the next few years, the area's space demand will continue to strengthen, and asking rent prices will grow as available space near the airport becomes limited.

Developers and investors shift focus to large-scale industrial facilities. Increasing demand for larger spaces is likely refining construction patterns, as every completed project in 2019 was larger than 65,000 square feet. A massive 1 million-square-foot speculative project is under construction within Hendricks Gateway, which is a recently created industrial park in Plainfield. GDI companies developed Hendricks Gateway for \$120 million to provide space on a speculative basis, in anticipation of the growing need for e-commerce warehousing. Demand for large spaces will continue to grow in the metro; however, vacancy will rise until newly built speculative projects gain tenants. Investors also favored larger properties over the past four quarters ended in June, as transaction velocity remained consistent with the previous period yet the average size of traded properties grew 78 percent to 148,000 square feet. Intense bidding for industrial assets metrowide dropped the average first-year yield 30 basis points to 7.6 percent over the past 12 months.





* Forecast Sources: CoStar Group, Inc.; Real Capital Analytics; Moody's Analytics

INDIANAPOLIS METRO AREA

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Employment
up 1.7%

Construction
8.5 million sq. ft.

Vacancy
up 90 bps

Rent
up 6.2%

Investment

Job creation escalates in 2019 as roughly 18,000 new positions are added, following a conservative 2018 in which 5,000 payrolls were created.

Industrial developers remain active, bringing 1.2 million more square footage to market in 2019 than in the previous year. The majority of completions have been centered around the airport.

After a 100-basis-point contraction in 2018, vacancy rate rises to 5.3 percent in 2019, as large-scale, unoccupied speculative projects are added to inventory.

In 2019, average asking rent reaches \$4.13 per square foot. Limited space availability for new development along major interstate routes allows existing owners to lease new tenants at higher rents.

Buyers will target distribution and warehousing near the airport, or along major interstate highways. Larger properties that can hold a substantial volume will become more valuable with increasing e-commerce space demand.



* Forecast Sources: CoStar Group, Inc.; Real Capital Analytics; Moody's Analytics



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Yield Range Offers Compelling Options For Investors; Most Metros Demonstrate Strong Elevated Yields



^{* 2008-2018} Average annualized appreciation in prices per square foot

Sources: Marcus & Millichap Research Services; CoStar Group, Inc.; Real Capital Analytics

^{**} Price per square foot for industrial properties \$1 million and greater



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

PRICING AND VALUATION TRENDS SUMMARY

Ten-year appreciation favors high-growth markets. Benchmarked from the end of 2008 as the U.S. economy began its rapid tumble into recession, many markets' industrial prices declined several years more before recovering. Dallas/Fort Worth and Houston are two markets that experienced a much softer downturn, allowing strong price appreciation during the growth cycle while maintaining first-year yields higher than the national rate. Denver leads all markets in appreciation while the nation's two largest cities, New York City and Los Angeles, have also posted robust value gains, reflecting substantive economic growth. Midwestern metros registered marginal appreciation in industrial prices as their recovery began later in the growth cycle than coastal or gateway markets.

Smaller metros boast elevated returns. Competitive bidding in secondary and tertiary markets has pushed up prices above their pre-recession levels, yet many still have the opportunity to rise at a similar pace as large port markets and major interior distribution hub metros. As prices climb, these markets' industrial assets trade with cap rates higher than the U.S. rate. Comparatively, many primary coastal metros and gateway cities offer lower first-year returns that have witnessed strong appreciation over the past 10 years, including Seattle-Tacoma and Oakland.

Average Price per Square Foot

(Alphabetical order within each segment)

Under \$50	\$51-\$100	\$101-\$150	\$151-\$200	
Cleveland	Atlanta	Austin	Denver	Los Angeles
Indianapolis	Charlotte	Baltimore	Miami-Dade	New York City
Memphis	Chicago	Boston	Riverside- San Bernardino	Oakland
	Dallas/Fort Worth	Fort Lauderdale	San Diego	Orange County
	Detroit	Northern New Jersey	Washington, D.C.	Seattle-Tacoma
	Houston	Orlando		
	Milwaukee	Phoenix		
	Minneapolis- St. Paul	Sacramento		
	Philadelphia	West Palm Beach		
	Tampa- St. Petersburg			



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Regional Distribution Centers and Ports Head Index; Elevated Vacancy Keeps Metros From Moving Up

Los Angeles retains top spot, reshuffling ensues. Southern California markets dominate the top 10 in this year's Index. Twin Ports Los Angeles is one of the busiest ports in the world and the metro also has an expansive manufacturing base, underpinning a robust industrial sector. Solid absorption of space has kept vacancy in Los Angeles the lowest in the nation for five consecutive years. The movement of goods from the ports to markets throughout the world as well as expanding e-commerce demand have produced a vibrant distribution and logistics sector in neighboring Orange County (#4) and Riverside-San Bernardino (#8). Tightening vacancy and the greatest rent growth among metros in the Index propelled Northern New Jersey (#2) onto the second rung. Detroit (#3) benefits from new autonomous vehicle technology that is spurring additional space needs for automobile manufacturers and their suppliers. Newcomer to the index, Minneapolis-St. Paul (#5) debuts in the fifth position, as the metro's diverse economy and position as a distribution hub for the Upper Midwest produce steady absorption and rent growth. Rounding out the top 10 slots are Seattle-Tacoma (#6), Cleveland (#7), Oakland (#9) and Tampa-St. Petersburg (#10).

Biggest Index movers. Milwaukee (#13) registered the greatest improvement in the 2019 NIPI, leaping six rungs. Strong manufacturing hiring and minimal new inventory will fill existing space, dropping vacancy and boosting rents. Cleveland (#7) and Atlanta (#14) followed, each climbing four spots. A slow delivery pipeline in Cleveland will keep vacancy well below the national level, moving rents higher, while the growth in e-commerce demand and steady absorption in Atlanta will produce outsized rent advances. Elevated vacancy that is stifling rent growth is a trend in markets with the largest declines and those sitting near the bottom of the NIPI. Dallas/Fort Worth (#23) and New York City (#24) each fell seven rungs to remain in the bottom half of the Index, while Baltimore lost two notches to land at the bottom of this year's rankings.

Index Methodology

The NIPI ranks 32 major industrial markets based upon a series of 12-month, forward-looking economic and supply-and-demand variables. Markets are ranked based on their cumulative weighted-average scores for various indicators, including projected employment growth, vacancy level and change, construction, and rents. Weighing both the forecasts and incremental change over the next year, the Index is designed to indicate relative supply-and-demand conditions at the market level.

Users of the Index are cautioned to be aware of several important considerations. First, the NIPI is not designed to predict the performance of individual investments. A carefully chosen property in a bottom-ranked market could easily outperform a poor choice in a top-ranked market. Second, the NIPI is a snapshot of a one-year time horizon. A market facing difficulties in the near term may provide excellent long-term prospects, and vice versa. Third, a market's ranking may fall from one year to the next even if its fundamentals are improving. Also, the NIPI is an ordinal index, and differences in rankings should be carefully interpreted. A top-ranked market is not necessarily twice as good as the second-ranked market, nor is it 10 times better than the 10th-ranked market.

2019 NATIONAL INDUSTRIA PROPERT INDEX

Market Name	Rank 2019	Rank 2018		8-19 ange
Los Angeles	1	1	•	0
Northern New Jersey	2	4	1	2
Detroit	3	3	•	0
Orange County	4	5	1	1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	5	New	•	NA
Seattle-Tacoma	6	2	4	-4
Cleveland	7	II	1	4
Riverside-San Bernardino	8	8	•	0
Oakland	9	7	4	-2
Tampa-St. Petersburg	10	6	4	-4
Boston	II	New	•	NA
Miami-Dade	12	10	4	-2
Milwaukee	13	19	1	6
Atlanta	14	18	1	4
Chicago	15	9	4	-6
Philadelphia	16	12	4	-4
Fort Lauderdale	17	13	4	-4
Houston	18	15	4	-3
Orlando	19	22	1	3
West Palm Beach	20	20	•	0
Sacramento	21	21	•	0
Indianapolis	22	23	1	1
Dallas/Fort Worth	23	16	4	-7
New York City	24	17	4	-7
Denver	25	28	1	3
Austin	26	24	4	-2
San Diego	27	25	4	-2
Charlotte	28	New	•	NA
Phoenix	29	27	4	-2
Washington, D.C.	30	26	4	-4
Memphis	31	New	•	NA
Baltimore	32	30	4	-2





1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Rising Wages Sustain Consumption in 2019; Growth Solid Despite Moderating Momentum

Wages continue to climb as firms compete for talent. With help from a tight labor market, economic growth will extend into 2019. Organizations will add 2 million workers to payrolls this year, keeping the nation's unemployment rate near 4 percent. Though many companies are eager to expand employment bases, a lack of qualified workers may inhibit them from filling open positions. In an effort to attract quality talent, firms will bolster compensation packages, supporting an uptick in wage growth after annual increases in the mid-2 percent band were witnessed regularly during the past few years. Rising wages should become more prevalent as the year progresses, translating to relatively active spending habits and encouraging retailers to keep inventories elevated. Additionally, many companies are aiming to beat potential tariffs by bringing spring merchandise into the country early, putting pressure on warehouses and other storage facilities to maintain heightened levels of imports.

Economy to stay on solid footing as momentum begins to ebb. The U.S. economy will remain fundamentally stable in 2019 despite consumer confidence dipping from last year's historically high levels. All-time highs of U.S. household wealth and disposable income will keep consumers optimistic, particularly as several factors could threaten domestic growth moving forward. The longer-term effects of a government shutdown remain unclear in addition to any implications from still-unresolved trade tensions. Also, weakening international economies will weigh on U.S. economic expansion. Accounting for these factors, momentum will ease this year, moderating GDP growth into the low- to mid-2 percent range annually. Steady growth will help maintain positive levels of consumption, boosting property performance as retailers increase inventories to keep pace with spending.





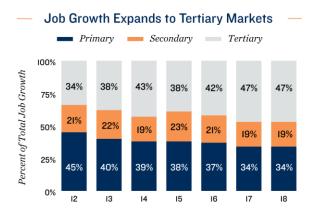
* Forecast



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

2019 NATIONAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

- Organizations sustain accelerated pace of hiring. After reaching 3 percent at the end of 2018
 for the first time in more than 10 years, wage growth is expected to remain above historical
 averages this year. An exceptionally tight job market will be the primary driver of wage gains
 as job creation reaches 2 million for the for the ninth year in a row. Positions in the
 professional and business services sector as well as education and health services will be
 abundant in 2019.
- Coastal warehouses impacted by trade war. Many of the nation's major seaports are
 experiencing the effects of ongoing trade tensions. Imports are coming in larger quantities as
 retailers order products in advance, attempting to beat a potential hike in tariffs on goods
 from China in March, ultimately crowding nearby storage facilities. U.S. tariffs of 10 percent
 on \$200 billion worth of Chinese goods that took effect in September 2018 are scheduled to
 increase to 25 percent this spring barring successful negotiations prior to that.
- Steady retail spending expected in 2019. Last year, core retail sales averaged 4.7 percent growth, reaching peak levels last summer when expansion hit 6.0 percent. While December posted a yearly increase of just 2.2 percent, spending is expected to stabilize this year amid a solid economic climate. Online sales should continue to rapidly rise, further benefiting the industrial sector.







1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Changing Consumer Expectations Motivating New Strategies in the Industrial Property Sector

Last-mile delivery costs push demand toward urban industrial. The transformation of the industrial sector has accelerated to an unheard of pace as online shopping has blurred the lines between retail and industrial properties. Shifting consumer habits are rewiring the sector in the digital age as e-commerce sales grew by 13.5 percent last year to now account for roughly 10 percent of overall retail sales. Most retailers are implementing omnichannel strategies to meet customer needs, bolstering demand for warehouse and distribution space across the nation. Rising shipping and transportation costs, driven by trucking shortages, are encouraging more companies to find space within population centers to limit distribution expenses. With consumers expecting shorter delivery windows, companies are turning to vacated retail space in dense residential areas while some developers are making a move toward multistory warehouses to combat logistical challenges in the urban core.

Leasing demand driven by retailers building their online presence. Demand for industrial space climbed past supply growth for the ninth straight year in 2018 as e-commerce and last-mile delivery motivated companies to locate closer to the end consumer. This year, e-commerce and the related functions of the business will once again fuel space demand, with companies like Home Depot, Kroger and Walmart substantially growing their footprint. Home Depot is investing \$1.2 billion into its supply-chain network, intermingling online and physical retail with a greater emphasis on same-day pickup, a strategy followed by Walmart as well. Kroger recently partnered with online supermarket Ocado as consumers increasingly purchase their groceries online, fueling the need for grocers to expand their customer fulfillment capabilities. With Amazon accounting for nearly half of all e-commerce sales last year, other retailers are moving quickly to streamline their supply chain to catch up, pushing the national industrial vacancy rate to its lowest point on record.

NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL OVERVIEW





^{*} Forecast Sources: CoStar Group, Inc.; Real Capital Analytics

NATIONAL ECONOM

AT&T SERVICE CENTER (INDIANAPOLIS)



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

2019 NATIONAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

- Developers tackle logistical hurdles with taller warehouses. Supply constraints amid exceptional space demand in the urban center have influenced developers to bring multistory warehouses to the U.S. for the first time, with the first of its kind rising in Seattle last year. Common in dense urban areas of Europe and Asia, these types of warehouses allow trucks to be loaded on multiple levels, which can be accessed by ramp. Similar projects are underway in New York City and the Bay Area as strong rental rate growth and low vacancy in the core justify the higher construction costs. As more retailers make efforts to close the gap between the last mile of the supply chain and the end consumer, demand for taller warehouses in the tightest markets will grow.
- Vacancy tightens further as construction eases. Developers are starting to respond to higher costs, helping to slow deliveries this year to 210 million square feet following the completion of more than 246 million square feet in 2018. Tenant demand pushes past supply growth for the 10th consecutive year, compressing the national industrial vacancy rate to 4.5 percent, the lowest on record. Supply constraints support another year of healthy rent growth, climbing 4 percent this year to \$7.27 per square foot after recording a 5.4 percent increase last year.
- Growing production pushes gauges higher. Expansion of the manufacturing sector raised a
 leading index of activity to signal steady growth. The subsidiary gauge of new orders, a leading
 indicator of future manufacturing activity, maintained a strong level, indicating a positive
 outlook. With a healthy outlook on all fronts, the manufacturing sector is positioned to make
 contributions to the industrial property sector this year.





^{*} Forecas

Sources: CoStar Group, Inc.; Real Capital Analytics

^{**} Through January 2019





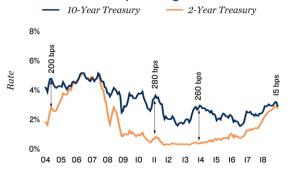
1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Fed Eyes Slowing International Economies; Shifting Consumer Preferences Support Acquisitions

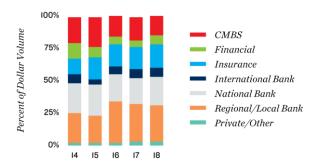
Fed adopts cautious stance. Ongoing trade disputes between the U.S. and China together with slowing growth throughout Europe have begun to weigh on the global economy. Financial market volatility and elevated caution have sponsored a flight to the safety of Treasurys, pushing the 10-year yield to the mid-2 percent range. While domestic economic output has moderated in recent months, the government shutdown and waning impact of the tax cut stimulus are likely to trim forward estimates. As a result, Chairman Jerome Powell stated that the Fed is considering an adjustment to ongoing balance sheet runoffs through quantitative tightening and put further interest rate hikes on hold as the central bank takes a wait-and-see approach to monetary policy. The bond market has begun to price in a much more dovish Fed, with flattening interest rates reflecting this more cautious stance. Fed officials will likely focus on the intersection of a global growth slowdown and continued labor market strength as they define their plans. Barring a significant economic or political event, investors can expect interest rates to be a bit more stable this year.

E-commerce strength powering broad industrial demand. As consumer preferences shift toward more spending online, lenders including local, regional and national banks and insurance companies have been active. Sentiment remains upbeat, with tightening lending standards apparent only in the riskiest proposals. High-profile distribution facilities and warehouses in urban areas remain a portfolio staple, with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios in the 55 to 75 percent range, depending on borrower, asset and location factors. Non-core locations and use cases typically require more nuanced financing such as mezzanine and bridge loans to undertake capital improvements. Elevated construction in some markets has also caused a slight pullback in willingness to lend toward additional developments, particularly in tertiary locations without a signed tenant in place.

IO-Year Treasury vs. 2-Year Treasury Yield Spread Tightens



Industrial Mortgage Originations by Lender



U.S. CAPITAL MARKETS

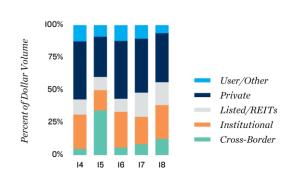


1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

2019 Capital Markets Outlook

- Inflationary pressures benign despite upbeat wage growth. Following the implementation of tariffs on several key trading partners, core inflation has remained just above 2 percent, showing little impetus for an uncontrolled surge. Muted inflationary pressure has given the Fed more maneuvering room, particularly as international pressures weigh on sentiment. Meanwhile, low unemployment has sponsored steady wage growth gains, expanding by 3.0 percent over the last year.
- Monetary policy allows flexibility into potential downturn. While other central banks have maintained ultra-low interest rates, the Federal Reserve has undertaken a much more prudent policy stance, embarking on a series of rate increases since the fourth quarter of 2015. The current fed funds rate of 2.5 percent offers the Federal Reserve sufficient ammunition to combat potential headwinds to domestic growth, helping to boost sentiment.
- Treasurys offer arbitrage opportunities for global investors. Offering a premium of up to 200 basis points compared with other countries, the 10-Year Treasury provides a significantly higher yield to international investors, particularly on a risk-adjusted basis. This arbitrage has sponsored tremendous capital inflows into U.S.-based assets, with an emphasis on Treasurys, which has suppressed interest rates.

Industrial Buyer Composition





Note: Sales \$1 million and greater



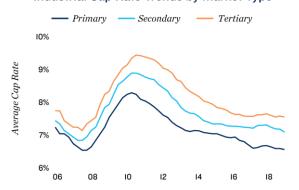
1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

Strong Growth Prospects and Elevated Returns Expand Pool of Industrial Investors

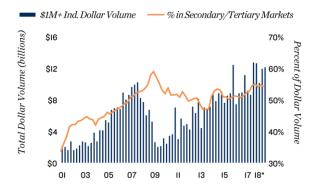
Crowded market lifts competition for industrial properties. An abundance of equity capital expanded into the industrial property market last year, intensifying investor competition and placing upward pressure on asset values. Pricing across the country remains near or above all-time highs, while gateway markets like Los Angeles are recording the tightest first-year yields and the highest prices. Robust competition among buyers and the opportunity for higher yields are motivating institutional and private groups to enter secondary and tertiary markets, though superior liquidity characteristics will keep most institutional buyers focused on primary markets. Strong NOI growth will be a major focus among investors this year, lifted by sizable rent gains across most markets. Prospects of a rising interest rate climate could also be a significant factor affecting investor decisions, though pressures appear to be alleviated for now.

Deep pool of investors presented with an abundance of opportunities. Urban infill properties will remain a top target among investors as e-commerce and last-mile demand push tenants closer to the end consumer. Challenges faced in retail are providing investors with opportunities to convert vacated big-box stores into smaller distribution centers that can serve the local market, particularly with minimal supply growth for infill space. Port markets on the West Coast, Southeast and the New Jersey port markets will also drive deal volume as a strong U.S. consumer and trade tensions fuel space demand. Investment activity for data centers will remain aggressive as Microsoft, Google, Amazon and other firms rapidly grow their server farms, boosting liquidity in key markets such as Northern Virginia, Dallas, Chicago, New York and Northern California. Many corporations have also been motivated to sell these assets, utilizing a sale-leaseback strategy that has become increasingly popular under recent tax reform.

Industrial Cap Rate Trends by Market Type



Percent of Dollar Volume



* Through 3Q

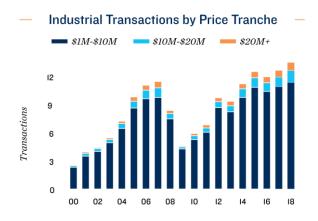
U.S. INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT OUTLOO

(

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

2019 INVESTMENT OUTLOOK

- Aggressive investment activity compresses cap rates further. Higher returns in the industrial
 sector spur investors to place a premium on Class A and Class B properties over
 replacement costs, though a robust construction pipeline could lead sellers to be more
 competitive with pricing this year. The average cap rate compressed to the upper-6 percent
 territory, a record low, as demand continues to outpace new supply. Class A properties in
 some of the nation's primary markets have achieved a cap rate closer to 4 percent,
 motivating buyers to seek higher yields in secondary and tertiary markets.
- Cross-border acquisitions climb past \$15.5 billion. An attractive yield alternative when
 compared with a broad range of investment options has foreign investors acquiring more
 industrial portfolios, diversifying away from office and multifamily assets. A combination of
 low-risk and growth characteristics pushed capital inflows by foreign entities to a record
 high last year, expanding into major gateway markets such as Dallas, Los Angeles, Chicago
 and Atlanta.
- New opportunity arises from migration to online shopping. Adaptive reuse of outdated properties is expected to grow this year as e-commerce lifts demand for logistics space. Freestanding big-box stores and some Class B office buildings are prime candidates for conversion due to centralized locations, clear heights and presence of a loading dock. Investors have been active in secondary markets when looking at conversions, realizing higher returns than are typical in primary markets.





DEMOGRAPHICS

(

1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202

CREATED ON DECEMBER 2019

POPULATION	1 Miles	3 Miles	5 Miles
 2023 Projection 			
Total Population	4,601	88,255	259,659
2018 Estimate			
Total Population	4,952	89,209	263,707
■ 2010 Census			
Total Population	4,393	82,632	250,639
■ 2000 Census			
Total Population	6,077	92,251	275,035
Daytime Population			
2018 Estimate	10,538	242,337	407,291
HOUSEHOLDS	1 Miles	3 Miles	5 Miles
2023 Projection			
Total Households	1,873	38,048	105,380
2018 Estimate			
Total Households	1,981	37,867	105,772
Average (Mean) Household Size	2.41	2.22	2.41
■ 2010 Census			
Total Households	1,756	34,814	100,820
■ 2000 Census			
Total Households	2,426	37,661	110,737

Source: © 2018 Experian

HOUSEHOLDS BY INCOME	1 Miles	3 Miles	5 Miles
2018 Estimate			
\$200,000 or More	0.05%	2.32%	2.04%
\$150,000 - \$199,000	0.37%	2.32%	2.26%
\$100,000 - \$149,000	1.95%	5.88%	6.40%
\$75,000 - \$99,999	4.74%	6.64%	7.36%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	13.61%	13.55%	15.24%
\$35,000 - \$49,999	14.09%	14.60%	15.58%
\$25,000 - \$34,999	12.32%	12.50%	12.96%
\$15,000 - \$24,999	19.10%	15.07%	15.54%
Under \$15,000	33.79%	27.13%	22.62%
Average Household Income	\$31,706	\$49,574	\$51,00
Median Household Income	\$23,434	\$30,999	\$34,07
Per Capita Income	\$13,183	\$21,776	\$20,89
POPULATION PROFILE	1 Miles	3 Miles	5 Mile
Population By Age			
2018 Estimate Total Population	4,952	89,209	263,70
Under 20	28.92%	23.74%	26.50%
20 to 34 Years	22.02%	30.43%	26.749
35 to 39 Years	5.61%	6.77%	6.95%
40 to 49 Years	10.77%	11.83%	12.09%
50 to 64 Years	19.45%	17.74%	17.709
Age 65+	13.21%	9.51%	10.05%
Median Age	34.26	32.47	32.9
Population 25+ by Education Level		<u> </u>	
2018 Estimate Population Age 25+	3,118	59,254	171,20
Elementary (0-8)	3.71%	4.96%	5.379
Some High School (9-11)	16.84%	14.75%	14.79%
High School Graduate (12)	37.05%	29.40%	30.449
Some College (13-15)	27.63%	19.82%	19.77%
Associate Degree Only	5.95%	5.62%	6.09%
Bachelors Degree Only	4.92%	14.51%	13.69%
Graduate Degree	3.11%	9.68%	8.179
Time Travel to Work			
Average Travel Time in Minutes	24	23	2



1277 W 18th St Indianapolis, IN 46202



Population

In 2018, the population in your selected geography is 263,707. The population has changed by -4.12% since 2000. It is estimated that the population in your area will be 259,659.00 five years from now, which represents a change of -1.54% from the current year. The current population is 49.69% male and 50.31% female. The median age of the population in your area is 32.93, compare this to the US average which is 37.95. The population density in your area is 3,352.79 people per square mile.



Race and Ethnicity

The current year racial makeup of your selected area is as follows: 48.38% White, 37.61% Black, 0.04% Native American and 1.90% Asian/Pacific Islander. Compare these to US averages which are: 70.20% White, 12.89% Black, 0.19% Native American and 5.59% Asian/Pacific Islander. People of Hispanic origin are counted independently of race.

People of Hispanic origin make up 13.75% of the current year population in your selected area. Compare this to the US average of 18.01%.



Households

There are currently 105,772 households in your selected geography. The number of households has changed by -4.48% since 2000. It is estimated that the number of households in your area will be 105,380 five years from now, which represents a change of -0.37% from the current year. The average household size in your area is 2.41 persons.



Housing

The median housing value in your area was \$92,154 in 2018, compare this to the US average of \$201,842. In 2000, there were 55,787 owner occupied housing units in your area and there were 54,950 renter occupied housing units in your area. The median rent at the time was \$433.



Income

In 2018, the median household income for your selected geography is \$34,075, compare this to the US average which is currently \$58,754. The median household income for your area has changed by 9.80% since 2000. It is estimated that the median household income in your area will be \$38,809 five years from now, which represents a change of 13.89% from the current year.

The current year per capita income in your area is \$20,895, compare this to the US average, which is \$32,356. The current year average household income in your area is \$51,003, compare this to the US average which is \$84,609.



Employment

In 2018, there are 238,717 employees in your selected area, this is also known as the daytime population. The 2000 Census revealed that 51.58% of employees are employed in white-collar occupations in this geography, and 48.19% are employed in blue-collar occupations. In 2018, unemployment in this area is 5.96%. In 2000, the average time traveled to work was 24.00 minutes.

Source: © 2018 Experian

Marcus & Millichap

